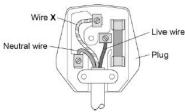
For each of the questions below: -

Highlight the command word if there is one & annotate what the command word means. - Answer the question!

Q1. Figure 1 shows a three pin plug connected to the cable of a metal toaster.

Figure 1



(a)	Name wire X.	
		(1)
(b)	What does wire X do?	
	Tick one box.	
	It provides extra energy to the toaster when needed.	
	It completes the circuit in the toaster.	
	It can prevent an electric shock from the toaster.	
	It supplies the current to the toaster.	
		(1)
(c)	The toaster is plugged in to the mains electricity supply.	
	What is the potential difference between the live and neutral wires?	
	Tick one box.	
	0 V 120 V 230 V 460 V	(1)
(d)	Mains electricity is an alternating supply.	(-)
	A battery is a direct supply.	
	Give two differences between an alternating supply and a direct supply.	
	1	
	2	

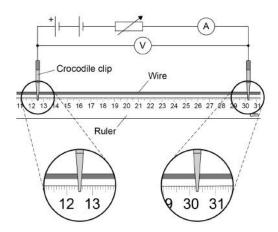
Physics unit 2 homework - Electricity

For each of the questions below: -

Highlight the command word if there is one & annotate what the command word means. - Answer the question!

Q2. A student investigates how the length of a piece of wire affects its resistance.

The diagram shows the apparatus used.



(a)	What is the length of wire between the two crocodile clips shown in the diagram?	

Length = ____ cm

(b)	Write the equation which links current, potential difference and resistance.

(1)

(1)

- (c) For the experiment shown in the diagram, the student recorded:
 - a potential difference of 3.22 V
 - a current of 2.18 A

Calculate the resistance of the length of wire between the crocodile clips.

Give your answer to 3 significant figures.

Resistance = Ω

Physics unit 2 homework - Electricity

For each of the questions below: -

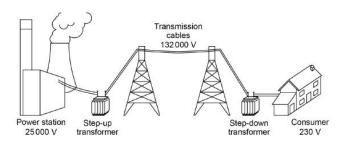
Highlight the command word if there is one & annotate what the command word means. - Answer the question!

(d)	The student used constantan wire.				
	The resistance of constantan only changes a small amount when its temperature changes.				
	Suggest why using constantan is an advantage in this experiment.				

Q3. The National Grid is used to transfer electrical power around the country.

Figure 1 shows a simplified diagram of the National Grid.

Figure 1



(a) The gas-fired power station shown in **Figure 1** uses a non-renewable energy resource.

Some power stations use renewable energy resources.

What is the difference between renewable and non-renewable energy resources?				

(b) Explain how transformers are used in the National Grid.

(2)

(2)

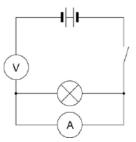
For each of the questions below: -

Highlight the command word if there is one & annotate what the command word means. - Answer the question!

Q4. A student used electrical circuits to investigate the relationship between resistance, potential difference and current.

Figure 1 shows how the student connects the first circuit he set up.

Figure 1



(a) The circuit does not work.

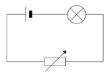
Draw the correct circuit.

Explain your answer.

(b) The student then set up a circuit to investigate how resistance affects the brightness of a lamp.

Figure 3 shows the circuit he set up.

Figure 3



The student increases the resistance of the variable resistor.

What effect does this have on the brightness of the lamp?

circuit. Include the correct equation and unit.

(c) The battery transfers 10 000 C of charge in 20 minutes. Calculate the current through the

Current = _____

(2)

(2)